Takes Charge of Kansas, Succeed.

ing the Populist. HIS INAUGURAL MESSAGE

Breathes a Different Spirit From that of his Predecessor Leedy-His Liberal Expressions with Regard to the Railroads in Marked Contrast to the Demogogic Enmity of the Retiring Executive.

TOPEKA, Kas., Jan. 10.-To-day Governor Stanley, the Republican successor to Governor Leedy, Populist, said, in an inaugural message to the legislature:

"We are reaching the highlands of prosperity, but we have surely come up out of the lowlands of advergity. Old debts have been paid, and few new ones have been incurred. The dawn after the dark night of our misfortunes are proud that we did not compromise our individual honesty or the honor of our state."

nonor of our state."

Concerning insurance, he says the law is ample, but it should fix the charges for examination, and require full reports of all examinations to be made and filed, that the public may have some knowledge of the character and result of such examinations. All insurance companies, orders and societies of any kind doing insurance business in the state should be placed under the charge of the insurance department.

ness in the state should be placed under the charge of the insurance department.

Concerning banks, he says: "The information furnished in the report of the bank commissioner is very graffying. I heartily concur in the recommendations of the commissioner that building and loan associations within the state be placed under the control of that department, and that outside companies be required to give security for the protection of Kansas investors as a condition precedent to doing business in the state. The commissioner also recommends the creation of a guarantee fund for the protection of bank depositors. No one thing connected with the business of banks would be more desirable than some provision securing the safety of depositors.

Referring to railroads, he says they have done great good to the state in developing it. They pay large taxes—more than the entire personal property of the state, and have 30,000 employes, who receive \$15,000,000 in annual wages. It seems strange that agencies which have done so much for the state are now bearing such a large portion of its burdens, and furnishing employment to so many of its laborers should be met by the people in a spirit of unfriendliness; yet it is apparent that such a spirit exists.

The causes for these conditions are numerous. On the one hand the political demagogue has been constant, in season and out of season, in inciting the people against the railroads, that he might gain personal and political advantages. On the other hand the railroads.

might gain personal and political ad-vantages. On the other hand the railvantages. On the other hand the rali-road management has offered ample ground for the discontent which exists. It can hardly be hoped that there will be a re-establishment of the old time relations of cordiality and good will while these reasons remain.

The railroad companies have large sums invested, and should be allowed to realize a reasonable profit on the amount invested. The people of this state are too fair-minded to so limit the rate of transportation over railroad

state are too fair-minded to so limit the rate of transportation over railroad lines so as to cripple the companies, prevent them from realizing a reasonable income on their capital or from paying to the great army of laboring men they employ, good wages. They believe, however, that the railroads have discriminated against Kansas comraunies, and out of this belief has grown much of the feeling of dissatisfaction which now prevails.

He recommends that some method be adopted permitting all railway men to vote when they are away from their homes with their trains on election day.

Touching on prohibition, he says the Touching on prohibition, he says the law has been indifferently enforced, that as a political question it has run its course; as an economic one should command carnest attention. He says the law has been a settled policy in the state for eighteen years, the wisdom of which he will not discuss, but believes that whatever failure in enforcing the law has existed is due mainly to the metropolitan police system, which he declares a "failure, scandal and disgrace." He says the law should be equally enforced with all others, and the metropolitan police system has failed to the the expectations of its friends and its abolition meets with his approval.

SITUATION IN CUBA

From a Cuban Standpoint - General Gomez Misrepresented.

NEW YORK, Jan. 10.-A special from Washington says; Dr. Jose Antonlo Friar, chairman of the finance committee of the Cuban assembly, and one of the leading lawyers of the island, has arrived in Washington, and will present to the department of state a plan for the settlement of the finan-cial system of Cuba. This plan includes a method of appropriating certain revenues toward th payment of the

tuin revenues toward in payment of the Cuban soldiers when they are disbanded, and other financial measures for the relief of the poor.

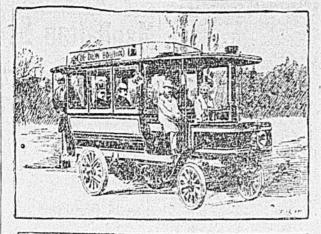
Dr. Friar is a leading candidate for the appointment of chief justice, although it is asserted that his mission in Washington at this time is not to further his candidacy for that office, but its solely for the purpose of presenting his financial plan.

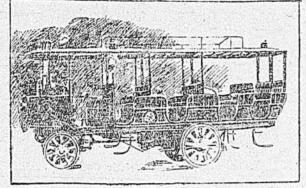
but is solely for the purpose of presenting his financial plan.
"In addition to the financial scheme which we have proposed," said Dr. Frihr, "Dr. Capote, president of the Cuban assembly, has, with others, worked out an admirable plan for the government of the island, drawn from the knowledge of the existing laws and practices of the courts and various local offices, and which will be sphmitted to the United States.

"Already General Beooke has surrounded himself with some of the ablest leaders as advisors. They realize that, for the present, American intervention is necessary. The leaders have become reconciled to it, and the great mass, of the people are steadily coming to take this view of the matter. I regard it as necessary, however, that regard it as necessary, however, that Cubans should be made the police offi-

A hacking cough is a grave-yard cough; the sooner you get rid of it the cough; the sconer you get rid of it the better. Don't wait until it develops into consumption, but use the cele-brated Drr John W. Bull's Cough Syrup at once. It is a wonderful remedy for all throat and lung affec-tions, and will cure a deep-scated cough or cold in a few days.

Dr.Bull's Cough Syrup Will cure a Hacking Cough





NEW YORK'S AUTOMOBILE STAGES.

The famous old Fifth Avenue stages of New York City, drawn by their hopeless horses, are to be replaced by a utomobile stages, which will be soon in operation. In summer there will be open automobile wagons which will run the entire length of Fifth Avenue. This is one of the greatest innovations New York City will see during '99.

cers in all the large cities, for the reason that they understand the people, know who the malefactors are, are able better to apprehend them and prevent trouble than the Americans, "General Gomez has been grossly misrepresented in a great many respects. I have reason to know that he is not nati-American, as has been charged against him. The statements that he has opposed American intervention. I know to be absolutely and mailclously false. General Gomez is a true patriot, he has made as many sacrifices as any man, living or dead, for the cause of Cuban Independence, and in this statement I am in no way belittling the grand efforts and the noble sacrifices of the many martyrs to the cause of Cuban liberty. Patriot as he is, he realizes that American intervention at this time is a necessity. He sees it, as do other Cuban leaders, and as it is a necessity, he not only tolerates it without objection, but is in favor of it.

THE DREYFUS CASE.

The Resignation of Beaurepaire has Aroused Interest.

PARIS, Jan. 10 .- The resignation of M. Quesnay de Beaurepaire, president of the civil section of the court of cassation, has revived interest in the Dreyfus case, which had calmed down during the past few days, to the fever point. The anti-Dreyfusites are doing everything possible to discredit the court of constion, as it is generally accepted in the best informed circles that

cepted in the best informed circles that the court is preparing to render judgment in favor of Dreyfus.

The cabinet met this afterneon under the presidency of President Faure, who issued a decree accepting the resignation of M. De Beaurepaire and appointing Counsellor Ballot, de Beaure to succeed him.

The minister of justice, M. Lebret, announced that M. Mazan, the first president of the court of cassation will preside over the criminal section of the court of cassation, instead of M. Lowe, when the Dreyfus insuling is terminated and the court meets to take A decision.

This step has been taken in consequence of the virtuent altreds on M. Lowe, based on the fact that he is a Jew.

The minister also read the telegraphic

W. The minister also read the telegraphic

deposition from Dreyfus in which he not only declared he had never confessed that he was guilty to Captain Lebrun-Renault, who had charge of the prison-er at the time of his condemnation and degradation, but insisted that he had always protested his innocence and had intimated, after his degradation on the parade ground of the military school at Paris his intention to declare publicly that his innocence would be recognized in two or three sears.

Shipping Interests Heard.

C., Jan. 10.-Prominent representatives of American shipping interests were heard to-day by nin, the "Bonanza King." committee on merchant ma rine and fisheries relative to the measure introduced in the senate by Mr Hanna, and in the house by Mr. Parne,
"to premote the commerce and increase
the foreign trade of the United States
and to provide auxiliary cruisers,
transports and seamen for government
use when necessary.

The main features of the measures is
a graded subsidy to American shirs.

The main features of the measures is a graded subsidy to American ships, based on tomage and service. Among those present were ex-Senator Edmunds, of Vermont, who appeared for the shipping interests: President C. A. Griscam, of the International Navigation Company; Commissioner of Navigation Chamberlain; Edward R. Sherwood, secretary of the Philadelphia marilime exchange; Arthur Sewall, of Maine, and President Hyde, of the Bath iron works.

Presidential Nominations.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 16.-The President to-day sent these nominations to the senate:

State-Charlemagne Tower, of Pepnsylvania, now minister to Austria-Hungary, to be ambassador to Russia. Ad-

nary, to be ambassactor to Russia, Adalson C. Harris, of Indiana, to be minister to Austria-Hungary.
Treasury—James G. Monahan, collector of internal revenue, second district
of Wisconsia.
War—To be brigadier generals—Colonel John B. Custleman, First Kentucky
Volunteer Infantre: Colonel Thomas H.
Barber, First New York Volunteer Infantre.
To be assistant adjutant isseeral with
the rank of major—Captain Charles G.
Treat, assistant adjutant general United States Volunteers.
Ass a number of promotions and ap-

been heard from up to 10 o'clock. This will be the New York's first trip as a merchantman since her transformation into the auxiliary cruiser Harvard. WILLIAM K. VANDERBILT, JR.

His Marriage to Miss Fair, the California Heiress, Will Unite to of the Greatest Fortunes of this Country. As told in this newspaper a few Miss Virginia Fair, the beautiful California heiress, is soon to



become the bride of young William K. Vanderbilt, of New York. The betrothal is the most notable one in society for a long time, from the fact that two of the greatest fortunes in the country will be united.

Miss Fair is estimated to be worth \$5,000,000, to put it moderately, besides other claims that will come to her in future years. She is the daughter of the

WHEELING ALIVE.

To the Good of it's People, And Glad

to be so.

When you know a good thing tell it. It will not lessen its goodness But will do good to others. If you've been cured tell it.

Waiting to find out how. There are lots of lame backs in

Wheeling. It's a busy place, and backs are

used. There's urinary trouble to a large ex-

tent.

Ever notice how many people over forty complain?

Seven out of ten say cold affects their

kidneys.
The kidneys are the cause, not the

olds.

Keep them in shape and life is life.
You can do it easily and pleasantly.
No nauseating disturbances.
No offect except on the kidnys.
But that effect is quick and perma-

Doan's Kidney Pills do perfect

sylvania, now minister to Austria-Hungary, to be ambagsador to Russia. Addison C. Harris, of Jediana, to be minister to Austria-Hungary.

Treasury—James G. Monahan, collector of internal revenue, second district of Wisconsia.

War—To be brigadier generals—Colonel John B. Castleman, First Kentucky Volunteer Infantry.

To be assistant adjutant general with the rank of major—Capiaia Charles G. Treat, assistant adjutant general United States Volunteers.

Afse a number of promotions and appointments in the volunteer infantry.

To Promote Naval Officers.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 10.—The senate committee on naval affairs today agreed to report favorably the promotion of naval officers who participated in the war with Spain over others who are their seniors. The list includes Admirals Sampson and Schley and along list of other officers. No apposition was developed in the committee.

Her Pirst Trip.

NEW YORK, Jan. 16.—The American liner New York was brought down to the same committee, and the promotion of paraly in the company's pier to-day and will sail for Eagland to-morrow in place of the overdue liner St. Paul, which had not substitute.

STUDENT OF FILIPINOS.

Prof. Worcester Talks of Their Traits and Condition - One Course for United States-Must Secure Confidence of the Leaders and Through Them Convince the People.

Washington Post; "If the United States would successfully govern the Philippines it must first convince the people of those islands of its own good intentions toward them and its determination to give them a just and equitable government-something which they have never before enjoyed. To do this it is absolutely necessary to secure

they have never before enjoyed. To do
this it is absolutely necessary to secure
the confidence of the leaders." This is
the keynote of the Philipone situation
at the present time, as expressed by
Prof. D. C. Worcester, of Ann Arbor,
Mich., who was yesterday a guest at the
National Hotel.
"There are eighty-three separate and
distinct tribes of people in the Philippine Islands," said Prof. Worcester
"each with its own dialect, customs, and
manners. And, first of all, I must say
an erroneous impression has gone forth
regarding these people. Particularly is
this so with relation to the tribe known
as the Negritos, whom, I have seen it
stated, constitute the great population
of the islands, and people have speculated upon the possibility of a Negrito
being elected to the United States senate. Nothing could be further from the
truth. The Negritos are a small, dwarflish, unintelligent people, who are supposed to be the aborigines of the islands. It is true that they are naked
savages, but they present no problem.
They are found only in the most remote lands. It is true that they are naked savages, but they present no problem. They are found only in the most remote portions of the islands, in the center of Luzon and Mindanoa and close to the tops of the high mountains. They are the lowest type of the inhabitants of the islands, but they are fast becoming extinct. Their death rate is largely in excess of their birth rate, and has been for some years. They have been unable to compete with the descendants of the Malays, and will soon cease to exist. In fact, there are few of them now left, and they are exceedingly difficult to find.

"The remainder of the people might

the Malays, and will soon cease to exist. In fact, there are few of them now left, and they are exceedingly difficult to find.

"The remainder of the people might be divided into three distinct groups, the civilized Filipping, who comatitute 5,009,000 of the 10,000,000 of inhabitants of the Islands; the Pagans and the Moror, who are Mohammedans. The civilized Filipping is a decent sort of a fellow, and has many qualities greatly to be admired. He is cleanly, builds himself a comfortable home—the best that his condition enables him to provide—eares for his family, exercises self-control, dresses himself tastefully, is patient, sober, and self-respecting. He possesses the elements for making a good citizen. His family life is, indeed, admirable. The women are given much liberty, and the Filiping consults his wife in all his business affairs. In fact she conducts many of them for him. The Filiping is exceedingly hospitable, even to people of different nationalities, but he expects the same degree of welcome extended in return. His children are obedient and well-behaved. "Notwithstanding all this, the Filiping has been subjected to the worst sort of misrule for years. The Spanish polley has always been to keep him not only in subjection, and to use him only for purposes of taxation, but has also sought to keep him in Ignorance. Consequently, the vast majority of the Filiping an education, for instance, by going abrond and studying, when he returns he is usually a marked man. He will perhaps be invited aboard a ship of war by some Spanish officers, and never be heard from again. One of the provisions of the law has been that Spanish should be the lamguage taught in all the schools, but they have made no effort to provide the schools. Education has not only been discouraged, but prevented. Again, the use and ownership of firearms has been prohibited, and those who venture to own wapons without a royal order from the Captain general were punished by long terms of imprisonment. The chief reason for the success of the l tives secured something with which to

Pit is a well-known fact that the Philippine Islands have been considered "It is a well-known fact that the Philippine Islands have been considered as nothing more than a plundering ground for Spanish officials. The people have been taxed without mercy, and they have received absolutely nothing in return. They have not even common roadways, and only a very short line of railway on the islands. They have no lines of communication, and there has been no justice. The man who could pay the most money always got the verdict in a suit. But in getting it there was no assurance that another court would not for a further consideration, reverse the verdict, for there have been three or four different sets of laws. "Neither have they received any protection from the bandlis who gather in the mountains and prey upon the peaceable citizens. Having no arms, they have been absolutely unable to defend themselves and have been at the mercy of the Spanish officials and the bands of robbers. Consequently, what is necessary, if the United States is to assume control of the Islands, is to convince the people of the good intentions of the American government and to impress upon them the fact that they will be given a good government. But the Filipinos follow their lenders like sheep, and they lenders must, there

given a good government. But the Pilipinos follow their lenders like sheep, and their lenders must, theresheep, be won over. During my investigations upon the islands, annay of the better classes of Filipinos often said to me that it would be a good thing if only England or America would select the islands and give them a good government. But their experience with the white man's government has been woelful. As I said, they follow their leaders are still some who need protection from

Grimy finger marks seem to grow on the woodwork about the house. They come easily and they stick, too-unless you get rid of them with It makes all cleaning easy. THE N. IZ. FAIRUANIE COMPANY, Chicago, St. Louis, New York, Boston, Philadelphia.

Gold Dust

CANADA CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTR

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of and has been made under his per-Chart Hilitatur. Allow no one to deceive you in this.

All Counterfeits, Imitations and Substitutes are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children-Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a substitute for Castor Oil, Paregorie, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Harmless and Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipution and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacca—The Mother's Friend.

CENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of hat teletine The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years. THE CENTAUR COMPANY, TT MUPRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

blindly, believing that they have a charm, even to the extent of resisting leaden bullets. Many even believe now that Aguinaldo is bullet-proof, and they will tell you that they have seen shots fired at him glance off and leave him unharmed. But so far as he is concerned, or his official following, neither presents any formidable obstacle which the American government cannot, with ease, by the use of tact, discretion, and good judgment overcome.

the American government cannot, with case, by the use of tact, discretion, and good judgment overcome.

"But, as regards other closses, what are known as the Pagans occupy some portions of the island of Luzon; one tribe is located in Mindoro, and others are living in some of the smaller islands in the north. They are not cannibale, as some have represented. In fact there are some which might be called savage tribes, although there are some tribes of head hunters, but this is more of a religious ceremony than anything clse. They are small in numbers, and occupy the most remote places. Their "head hunting" is chiefly curried on when what is known as the "five tree" is in bloom. They need present no serious difficulty.

"The worst elment to be dealt with is contiled when the control of the con

so far as they are concerned, for the present, is not difficult. It is to confine them to their own islands, and not permit them to prey upon the inhabitants of the other islands. They are fighters, and consider that every Christian killed is a service and duty performed to Allah. The Spanlards have found that it was necessary to patral the consts of

a them, and to whom aid should be a general to the stand Sulu, for how stance, it is estimated that ther a serious of highling men. It is necessary toos conflue them to that territory until the man be brought to obey haw. The Morning of the stands at the time of the Spanish of the quest, and Spain has never been able the subdue or exterminate them.

"Of the civilized tribes there are Tagalogs, the Hoconas, who inhabit of the Island of Luzon, and the Yi yans, who also inhabit the central p tions. It is the members of the lat-tribe who are now holding Hollo."

A Clever Trick. It certainly looks like it, but there

savage tribes, although there are some tribes of head hunters, but this is more of a religious ceremony than anything clae. They are small in numbers, and occupy the most remote places. Their "head hunting" is chiefly carried on when what is known as the "fire tree" is in bloom. They need present no serious difficulty.

"The worst elment to be dealt with is found in the tribes of Moran-medans, who inhabit the islands of Mindanao, More, Salu, and some of the smaller islands in the southern part of the group. To keep them in subjection would probably require a considerable force. But the solution of the question, so far as they are concerned, for the present, is not difficult. It is to confine them to their row islands and according to the present, is not difficult. It is to confine them to their row islands.

THE little folks love Dr. Wood's Neway Pine Syrup. Pleasant to the perfectly harmless; positive cure oughs, colds, bronchitis, asthma.

TAKES the burn out; heals cound; cures the pain. Dr. The wound; cures the pain. Dr. The Eclectric Oil, the household remedy



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is a more than liberal offer when you stop to think that the whiskey given is your choice of any or all of these famous brands: Gibson, Finch, Overholt or Guckenheimer,-every bottle holding a full quart of absolutely pure rye whiskey, seven years old. RETAILING WHISKEY AT

WHOLESALE PRICES

This offer good only 'till stock of 500 barrels is exhausted. Remember that the whiskey is just as we represent it, or back comes you money. We ship in plain packages to save you annoyance. whiskey is the product of the famous distilleries mentioned and is sold by us without adulteration. That this offer is gennine, the editor of this paper can substantiate. Send order with P. O. money order at once

JOS. FLEMING & SON, Wholesale and Retail Druggists,



Can be grown on heads which are as baldas the one shown here on left side, as that is one of myself, showing how hold I have been for nine years, ard now have a full and complete head of hair, as you can see by the cut on the right side. Of course, the head must not be shiny bald. This can be done where the hair are it sight, and the side of the side o



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